



Enhancing Local Governance and Fiscal Sustainability

Elona Karafili; Flora Krasniqi
POLIS University

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Introduction

Definition of Public Services

Services provided by government to its citizens such as health, education, water, sanitation, and policing.

Local Finance Overview

Financial resources managed at local government level to deliver these services.





Importance of Public Services

- Enhances quality of life
- Reduces inequality
- Supports economic development
- Builds public trust in governance





Key Types of Local Public Services

- Education and Early Childhood Care
- Public Health and Sanitation
- Waste Management
- Public Transportation
- Housing and Urban Development
- Safety and Emergency Services





Local Finance – Sources of Revenue

- Own-source revenue:
- Property taxes
- User fees & charges
- Business licenses
- Transfers from higher governments
- Grants
- Revenue-sharing mechanisms
- Borrowing Loans and municipal bonds





Budgeting and Planning

- Annual local government budgets
- Medium-term expenditure frameworks
- Participatory budgeting
- Performance-based budgeting





Challenges in Local Public Finance

- Limited revenue-generating powers
- Dependence on central transfers
- Weak financial management systems
- Corruption and misallocation of resources
- Low capacity in smaller municipalities





Ensuring Accountability

- Transparent budgeting and reporting
- Audits and citizen oversight
- Use of technology for e-governance
- Performance indicators and benchmarking





Thank you for your attention!